



Claims

What is Claimed:

- 1. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- sequences provided in SEQ ID NO:1-48, 114-121, 125-138, and 141-157;
- (b) complements of the sequences provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-48, 114-121, 125-138, and 141 157;
- (c) sequences consisting of at least 20 contiguous residues of a sequence provided in SEQ ID NO:1-48, 114-121, 125-138 and 141-157;
- (d) sequences that hybridize to a sequence provided in SEQ ID NO:1-48, 114-121, 125-138 and 141-137, under highly stringent conditions;
- (e) sequences having at least 95% identity to a sequence of SEQ ID NO:1-48, 114-121, 125-138, and 141 157;
- (f) sequences having at least 99% identity to a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-48, 114-121, 125-138, and 141-157; and
- (g) degenerate variants of a sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-48, 114-121, 125-138, and 141-157.
- 2. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) sequences encoded by a polynucled tide of claim 1;
- (b) sequences having at least 95% identity to a sequence encoded by a polynucleotide of claim 1; and
- (c) sequences having at least 99% identity to a sequence encoded by a polynucleotide of claim 1.
- 3. An isolated polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic fragment of a polypeptide sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) a polypeptide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 122\124 and 139-



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- (b) a polypeptide sequence having at least 95% identity with a sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 122-124 and 139-140, and
- (c) a polypeptide sequence having at least 99% identity with a sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 122-124 and 139-140.
- An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide of claim 1 operably linked to an expression control sequence.
- 5. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 4.
- 6. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a polypeptide of claim 2 or claim 3.
- 7. A method for detecting the presence of Chlamydia in a patient, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) obtaining a biological sample from the patient;
- (b) contacting the biological sample with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide of claim 2 or claim 3;
- (c) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and
- (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value and therefrom determining the presence of Chlamydia in the patient.
- 8. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 2 or claim 3.
- 9. An oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1-48, 114-121, 125-138, and 141-157 under highly stringent conditions.
 - 10. A method for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a



Chlamydia protein, comprising contacting T cells with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) a polypeptide according to claim 2 or claim 3;
- (b) a polynucleotide according to claim 1; and
- (c) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polynucleotide according to claim 1,

under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.

- 11. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared according to the method of claim 10.
- 12. A composition comprising a first component selected from the group consisting of physiologically acceptable carriers and immunostimulants, and a second component selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) a polypeptide according to claim 2 or claim 3;
 - (b) a polynucleotide according to claim 1;
 - (c) an antibody according to claim 6;
 - (d) a fusion protein according to claim 8;
 - (e) a T cell population according to claim 11; and
- (f) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 2 or claim 3.
- 13. A method for stimulating an immune response in a patient, comprising administering to the patient a composition selected from the group consisting of:



- (a) a composition of claim 12;
- (b) a polynucleotide sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO:80-94; and
- (c) a polypeptide sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO:95-109.
- 14. A method for the treatment of Chlamydia infection in a patient,



comprising administering to the patient a composition selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) a composition of claim 12;
- (b) a polynucleotide sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO:80-94; and
- (d) a polypeptide sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO:95-109.
- 15. A method for determining the presence of Chlamydia in a patient, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) obtaining a biological sample from the patient;
- (b) contacting the biological sample with an oligonucleotide according to claim 9;
- (c) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and
- (d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefore determining the presence of the cancer in the patient.
- 16. A diagnostic kit comprising at least one oligonucleotide according to claim 9.
 - 17. A diagnostic kit comprising at least one antibody according to claim
- 18. A method for the treatment of Chlamydia in a patient, comprising the steps 6 and a detection reagent, wherein the detection reagent comprises a reporter group.of:
- (a) incubating CD4+ and/or CD8+ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) a polypeptide according to any one of claims 2 or 3;
 - (ii) a polypeptide sequence of any one of SEQ NO: 95-109;
 - (iii) a polynucleotide according to claim 1;
 - (iv) a polynucleotide sequence of any one of SEQ IN NO:80-94;



- (v) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide sequence set forth in any one of claims 2 or 3;
- (vi) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide sequence of any one of SEQ ID NO:95-109, such that the T cells proliferate; and
 - (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T

cells.

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